Top Tips for Spelling at Home

Over the past few months, research has taken place to ensure we have adopted an approach that will help the children to access spelling rules from their long term memory. Previously, the children were required to learn a set of spellings each week before a test but we found that after a few weeks many of the children could no longer apply these spellings in their writing. We felt that it was important to find a way that allowed the children to have the chance to practise their words over a period of time, preferably little and often, to ensure they went into their long term memory e.g. very similar to the approach we take to learning our times tables. Summarised below are a range of strategies that can be used at home to help your child become a confident speller.

Spelling Programme

Your child will be given a selection of spelling rules to learn over a period of time. This will allow you the flexibility to investigate them over a number of weeks to ensure your child has enough quality time to retain their new knowledge and for the spelling rules to become embedded in their long term memory.

Word lists connected to High Frequency words, months, shapes etc do not need to be explored further. The children are just required to spell the words.

With all word lists, please focus on 4 or 5 at a time, covering them all by the end of the half term.

The work being done at home will support what is being done regularly in class.

The children have time to focus on their individual spellings and some other rules will be addressed as a whole class.

The children will have a test at the end of the half term. This will be a selection of words from each list to allow us to see whether the children have retained their knowledge or whether more work needs to be done in class during the following half term. The lists sent home contain examples of the spelling rule/pattern as a starting point. The children are to use a number of strategies to explore the spellings (please see below).

It is important for the children to investigate other words with the same spelling rule to ensure they can apply it to other words when writing/reading. The children are therefore, required to find their own words with the same spelling rule/pattern and add them to their spelling journal. A good strategy to use is to search for words in a dictionary or selecting words used by the author in the books they are reading.

Spelling Strategies - These strategies and more will be modelled during the spelling workshop on 20.1.15 (KS2 hall at 6pm).

RAINBOW WRITE CHUNKING THE WORD DICTIONARY LOOK, SAY, COVER, MNEMONICS AND MEMORY - look through the dictionary Use different coloured WRITE, CHECK - split the words into **GAMES** and find other words with pencils and pens when - use all the senses to syllables - rhyme the same spelling rule - this - clap each part of the word writing your spellings. explore the words - make a sentence e.g. will help to widen your - write the word 4 times, - use sky writing as well as - say as it looks because (Big, Elephants, Can, vocabulary which can then each time using a different writing the word on paper - highlight words (especially Always, Understand, Small, be used to enhance your colour -use different colours (see the section you find the most Elephants) writing. Write these in your -use a different colour for rainbow write) difficult) -link words with the same - look for base words e.g. use spelling journal. the vowels and consonants pattern -use different colours for knowledge of how to spell -find hidden words within a each part of the word when jump to help you spell word e.g. sincerely = since + broken down into syllables jumping, jumped. jumps, rely jumper - words to be on the table, -use a different colour to take one away, child is to show the spelling rule look and say which word is not there SORTING **CHANTS** WRITING WORDS WORD SHAPES ANALOGY - take a selection of words - spell words whilst out and - write your spelling words -write spellings using fancy Use words you already know from each list and sort into about e.g. in the car, walking forwards and then letters e.g. bubble writing to help you spell columns to school backwards -pyramid writing e.g. if you know how to spell -play word bingo -write words from the 'could' this will help with -Dribble and Shoot (dribble h 'should' and 'would' -write 4 or 5 words on cards, the letters by saying each in shortest to the longest ho chop them up and piece turn and then shoot the write the words in hom them back together word) alphabetical order -write words on cards and -Cheerleading -how many times can you - create a cloud by writing a piece together to form a (give me a h, give me a e, selection of words inside write the word in 30 with the same spelling rule shout out the word 'he') compound word e.g. seconds? words you find difficult to be post+box = postbox -create a word search -write a word mind map made larger or written more - type words on a computer -write words in lower case -write the word in joined up and then with capital letters writing (when exploring a phoneme, make sure the letters which make the sound are joined and the other letters are printed)

Early Spellers

Trace, Copy, Recall OR Look, Say,	Write words in sand, with chalk, in	Write the word in the air (sky	Use magnetic letters/letter cards to
Cover, Write, Check.	different colours (rainbow write).	writing).	spell your words or make the letters
			out of playdough etc.
Say the word in different voices –	Make sure you join the letters that	Write a word and place sound	Play snap or word bingo.
whole word, letter names and	make a sound e.g. ay would be joined	buttons underneath	Look for words that rhyme.
sounds.	and p and I printed when writing	p I ay	
	ʻplay'.		